Page 422

distribution figures. And, remember, we're in public session here. So I'm going to avoid referencing penetration percentages. And I would ask you to do the same. Okay?

A Okay.

Q If we have to, if we can't do that, then we'll see if we need to go private session, but I would like to try and proceed that way.

Let's focus on 2009. Now, 2009 we saw earlier was May 12th, wasn't it, was the day of your meeting with Mr. Bond and Comcast when you made your proposal, correct?

A Yes.

Q Okay. So we have carriage information here that has been provided in this case and put in this table for September 2009, which is a few months later. Do you see that?

A Yes.

Q All right. And Cablevision, for example, has a percentage in September, but,

Page 423 1 actually, it was at zero in May. Can we agree 2 on that, not carrying you back in May? 3 Α Yes. And AT&T was not carrying you 4 0 5 either back in May when you made your offer, correct? 6 7 Α Yes, that is correct. 8 And then I've got the percentages 0 9 listed for the other MVPDs listed there. Are 10 there any of them that when you look at it look off or that you wish to disagree with 11 based on looking at them? 12 13 They look like they're in the 14 range. 15 And in the right column, you will see I have a column heading "Equity for 16 17 Carriage." Would you agree with me that 18 Time-Warner, Cox, Comcast, Charter, Verizon, those entities listed, none of those were 19 20 entities that had equity for carriage deals with you as of May 2009, correct? 21

I would.

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Page 424 1 Dish and DirecTV we've already 2 spoken about. Cablevision also did not have 3 an equity for carriage deal with you in 2009, 4 agreed? 5 Α Agree. 6 Q Did you discuss with Mr. Bond in 7 May of 2009 any of these penetration levels 8 that any of the other MVPDs had? 9 I don't recall specifically, but I 10 would presume that that was a question that either Mr. Bond or one of his team would have 11 12 They are certainly possible. asked. 13 JUDGE SIPPEL: Can I ask a 14 question? There is no marking on here about this being confidential or highly confidential 15 16 or in any way confidential. 17 MR. CARROLL: There should be. 18 JUDGE SIPPEL: Does that make a 19 difference.

Neal R. Gross & Co., Inc.

202-234-4433

JUDGE SIPPEL: Let me ask the

There should be,

MR. CARROLL:

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though.

Page 425 1 question this way, then. This is a Comcast 2 document. I take it it was an exhibit 3 prepared. But the numbers are tensed. 4 MR. PHILLIPS: Your Honor, this is 5 a Comcast-created document. 6 JUDGE SIPPEL: Yes. This is what 7 I mean. 8 MR. CARROLL: Using Tennis 9 information. 10 JUDGE SIPPEL: Yes. That's what I 11 thought it to be. Okay. Maybe you could ask 12 the witness. Does your client have any 13 objection to this being released to the 14 public? 15 MR. SCHMIDT: Yes. 16 JUDGE SIPPEL: Okay. Thank you. 17 JUDGE SIPPEL: I will mark it, 18 then, confidential. 19 MR. CARROLL: Yes. I've done 20 that. Forgive us for that omission. Thank 21 you for clarifying that, Your Honor. 22 JUDGE SIPPEL: You're forgiven.

You asked me if they were carrying

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	Page 428
1	Honor?
2	JUDGE SIPPEL: You may.
3	MR. CARROLL: This is exhibit 708,
4	sir.
5	(Whereupon, the aforementioned
6	document was marked for
7	identification as Exhibit Number
8	708.)
9	JUDGE SIPPEL: Same question on
10	this. Is this supposed to be confidential?
11	MR. PHILLIPS: Your Honor, this
12	has highly confidential on the bottom.
13	JUDGE SIPPEL: I'm sorry?
14	MR. PHILLIPS: This has highly
15	confidential on the bottom.
16	JUDGE SIPPEL: It does? I stand
17	corrected. I'm right-handed.
18	MR. CARROLL: Me, too.
19	BY MR. CARROLL:
20	Q So this exhibit 708, Bates
21	number's TTC0009129. This is an e-mail
22	exchange between yourself and someone at AT&T

	Page 42
1	when you were negotiating the AT&T deal,
2	correct?
3	A Yes.
4	Q And you had some hard language
5	that you exchanged during these negotiations.
6	Do you remember that?
7	A Yes. If I recall, I was sitting
8	on a plane which was closing, and it had been
9	a long couple of days.
10	Q And so you're writing to him.
11	You're on the tarmac. No one is jerking
12	anyone around. And you refer there
13	MR. CARROLL: I'm in the first
14	paragraph, Your Honor, under the middle e-mail
15	from Mr. Solomon. It starts on, I think that
16	should be, "On the tarmac. We were on the
17	phone together." And I want to go down. It
18	says, "No one is jerking anyone around. There
19	appear to be real issues here."
20	BY MR. CARROLL:

things I don't think we should have, beginning

Despite me facing concessions on

21

22

with equity," do you see that, sir?

A Yes, I do.

Q Now, you wrote that. What is the concession on equity you are referring to?

A I have no idea.

Q You agree with me that you are telling the negotiator at AT&T that you have had to make a concession on equity there?

certainly don't remember the context. I certainly don't remember equity being any part of our deal or even part of our discussions, currently any part of our closed deal. I do remember literally racing to type this as the door was closing, thinking we should have -- because I know we were past deadlines. I really don't know what that is referring to.

Q So you can't explain what you were referring to there when you said, "Despite me forcing concessions on things I don't think we should have, beginning with equity"?

A Correct.

Q But you did write that?

A Apparently I did.

Q Okay. You can put that to the side. Now, in 2010, I want to look at Verizon. And I don't want to use the numbers precisely because they are confidential, but let me see if I can do it this way. I think in your direct testimony, I wrote your words down. I think you said Verizon had moved you down slightly. Were those your words?

A I believe they were.

Q Is this the slight move you were referring to? If you compare the Verizon line in 2009 in the middle, there is a percentage there. Do you see it? Don't say what it is, but do you see the percentage?

A Uh-huh.

Q Do you see the percentage in 2010 is lower?

A I do.

Q It's about lower, isn't

21 it?

22 A It appears -- if we're looking at

the same document, it appears to be about lower.

JUDGE SIPPEL: Well, let's be sure we're looking at the same document.

MR. CARROLL: We are.

JUDGE SIPPEL: Am I misreading it?

BY MR. CARROLL:

Q If you compare the move to the percentage that you had initially and you ask how much did they move down compared to what distribution you had, you lost about

of your distribution with them?

A Well, no. That is not correct because Verizon was actually growing at the time. So you are using a penetration number, but the truth is in terms of actual real subscribers, we didn't lose nearly that much. In fact, they were growing. And Verizon's business was growing. So our overall subscriber base I don't believe dropped to the numbers that you were saying. Certainly that is not reflected here.

1 agreed?

A Yes. It's the term in the business.

Q That's not a good thing from your perspective?

A It's not as good as being positively repositioned.

Q It's not a good thing from your position?

A Well, again, it depends on what your total number of subscribers are. There are a lot of factors that go into -- if you're asking me for my opinion, then my opinion is that there's a lot of things that go into determining what's a good or a bad thing.

Q Sir, you were so upset with this that you consulted a lawyer and were thinking of suing them for a contract breach. Do you remember that?

A Well, I don't know about being "so upset." I do know that whenever something happens, we make sure that it's within the

Page 435 1 confines of an agreement which exists. 2 I'm not sure that I would 3 characterize it as being so upset. And we talk to our lawyers and attorneys all the time 4 5 to make sure that we're within the confines of 6 our agreement. 7 Did you think of suing them 8 because you were upset about what they had 9 done to you, "Yes" or "No"? 10 I think that our distribution 1.1 folks looked at that and wanted to make sure 12 that they considered every means. And, if I 13 remember correctly, there were other factors 14 that were involved with that decision. 15 If you would turn to exhibit 121? Q 16 I previously put it up there for you. 17 MR. CARROLL: Your Honor, I think 18 that was --19 JUDGE SIPPEL: What was the 20 number?

MR. CARROLL: One twenty-one.

JUDGE SIPPEL: I have it, two-page

21

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1 document.

2 MR. CARROLL: Yes, two-page

3 document.

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BY MR. CARROLL:

Q Mr. Solomon, it has your handwriting on it. Tell me when you are there, sir.

A Okay. I found it. I assume that

Q Okay. Along with your handwriting that's dated October 5, 2010, do you see it?

A Yes.

Q Okay. Do you see this as an update distribution you were getting in the year 2010? Okay? So that's the year after your proposal to Comcast, to Mr. Bond, in 2009. This is 2010, right? Do you see that?

A Yes.

Q And you see that you are explaining here why it is that you are going to fall short on your subscriber numbers for the year. Do you see that?

Page 437 I am not describing anything. 1 Α 2 didn't write this note. 3 You received this report from your team. And we know you received it because you 4 5 wrote notes on it when you got it, correct? 6 Α I didn't deny that I had received 7 it. I just want to be clear because you said 8 "You wrote," 9 Q Right. And I don't believe that I wrote 10 11 this. 12 Q Now, do you see in explaining the 13 shortfall in your subscribers for 2010, you 14 started to say, "Verizon accounts for" and you 1.5 put a number on how many subscribers Verizon's negative repositioning is losing you? 16 17 see that? 18 Α Yes. 19 Okay. That is the number of 20 subscribers that you were falling short 21 because of what Verizon did, correct?

Falling short versus our

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	Page 438
1	projections.
2	Q Yes. And you're not blaming
3	Comcast for what Verizon decided to do, I take
4	it?
5	A Not directly.
6	Q .
7	
8	
9	A Are we in open session? We're
10	talking about contracts.
11	JUDGE SIPPEL: We are in open
12	session.
13	MR. CARROLL: Do you want that
14	fact not
15	MR. PHILLIPS: Yes.
16	MR. CARROLL: All right. Okay.
17	Let's change gears. You can put that to the
18	side, sir. Now we're going to jump around
19	here. I'm going to see if I can clean out
20	some other issues quickly at the end.
21	BY MR. CARROLL:
22	Q I think you talked when your

Page 439 1 attorney was questioning you about all the 2 tournaments that you have that your channel 3 covers around the world and grand slams that 4 you have and other tournaments. Do you 5 remember that subject area? 6 Α Yes. 7 Okay. Isn't it correct, sir, that Q 8 for the tournaments that are not grand slams 9 -- there are four grand slam tournaments, correct? 10 11 Yes, four majors commonly referred Α 12 to as grand slams. 13 Okay. All of the others are not 0 14 grand slams, right? 15 Α Yes. 16 Q That's an easy one. Is it 17 correct, sir, that you pay little or no rights fees for all of those other tournaments? 18 19 Α Yes. 20 0 So, really, the only ones that 21 cost you anything are the grand slams? 22 Α No.

Page 440

Q Well, little or no rights fees for all of the non-grand slam tournaments. Are we agreed on that?

A On a relative basis to the slams, others cost less. We agree on that.

Q Lots of them you get for free?

A Not really, no.

Q I'm talking about the fees you have to pay to get the rights to the tournament. Lots of the tournaments that you cover you don't have to pay the tournament in order to get the right to telecast the tournament, correct?

A Strict rights fees, that is true.

Q Okay. Good. The grand slam rights that you pay for are actually fairly inexpensive as well. Is that correct?

A I don't think so.

Q Would you describe them as very affordable as compared to other major sports?

Maybe other major sports are much more expensive than what you are able to get your

1 | coverage of the grand slams for?

1.8

A They would certainly be more affordable than the equivalent of the best of other sports.

Q Would you describe your grand slam rights as extremely affordable compared to all other major sports rights, "Yes" or "No"?

A It depends who I was talking to.

Q How about if you were talking to your own people in your own document? Is that how you would say it?

A Probably.

Q Do you want to see the document or do you acknowledge that internally at Tennis
Channel you have spoken amongst yourselves and said, "The grand slam rights are extremely affordable compared to all other major sports rights"?

A Well, I just said probably, but

I'm happy to look at it if you want me to look
at it.

Q And the rights that you get for

the grand slams -- and I won't use numbers for the tournaments themselves, but let me try and do it this way. For Wimbledon, do you get any

A Because we've had a few slips before, I'm not sure if I'm allowed to ask this. But I just want to make sure that numbers aren't again revealed in terms of averaging or otherwise in terms of rights.

Q No.

A I just want to be sure.

Q No.

A Thank you. Well, we have had a few slips in the past.

Q With Wimbledon, the tournament is over there in England, right? So there is obviously a time difference. And the finals are always on a weekend. Is that how it works?

A Yes unless it rains.

Q Do you get any of the weekend live coverage for those?

A We don't get any live coverage
with Wimbledon.

Q No live coverage at all?

A No.

Q So what you have are I take it rights to sort of reruns? Tournaments after they've played you can show them?

A Some of them are matches that are technically reruns in that they may have been seen. It's a different production. So it's not reruns of other productions in the United States. Others are matches that haven't been seen.

Q And some of the programming is just you have talk shows where people are talking about what is going on at Wimbledon, but you are not actually watching any live matches. Is that right?

A Not really. We have -- there are bumpers and interstitials and interviews, but no, we don't have talk shows. We have -- in what you would describe as a talk show, which

And let's do Australia.

Let me

NBC and ESPN.

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As distinguished from if you get

21

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holder.

Q

those rights, even if you get them for nothing, presumably you have to have a cameraman, you have to pay the cameraman. You have to pay for your equipment to get over there to actually produce it. Those would be production fees, right?

A That's not necessarily an accurate way of describing production costs, but yes, they are separate. They can be -- you could separate them out from rights fees.

Q Okay. Production fees and rights fees are two different things?

whenever you're sitting negotiating with a rights holder, production fees are so significant for an event like the grand slam, which is the equivalent of the Olympics because it occurs over two weeks with so many producers and cameramen and such high infrastructure that you're actually paying for an allocation of the overall production of that event. So it's not we're putting a

couple of cameramen on a plane to fly over there and shoot it.

O Whatever the production fees may or may not be with respect to rights fees -- and we'll reserve this question. I'm happy to get an answer later at a more convenient time. The question I had asked was whether there were any rights fees whatsoever for the Australian open. That's a confidential piece of information.

MR. CARROLL: So we can I guess reserve that, although is there anybody here who is not -- if you can just step out for one second, sir? And maybe we can just do this very quickly.

JUDGE SIPPEL: Thank you, sir. Thank you.

(Whereupon, the foregoing matter went off the record at 4:54 p.m., to reconvene in closed session.)